COURSE SYLLABUS

RNSG 1443 (4:4:1)

COMPLEX CONCEPTS OF ADULT HEALTH

ASSOCIATE DEGREE NURSING PROGRAM DEPARTMENT OF NURSING HEALTH OCCUPATIONS DIVISION LEVELLAND CAMPUS SOUTH PLAINS COLLEGE Fall 2018

SCANS COMPETENCIES

RESOURCES: Identifies, organizes, plans and allocates resources.

- C-1 <u>TIME</u>--Selects goal--relevant activities, ranks them, allocates time, and prepares and follows schedules.
- C-2 MONEY--Uses or prepares budgets, makes forecasts, keeps records, and makes adjustments to meet objectives
- C-3 MATERIALS & FACILITIES-Acquires, stores, allocates, and uses materials or space efficiently.
- C-4 <u>HUMAN RESOURCES</u>--Assesses skills and distributes work accordingly, evaluates performances and provides feedback.

INFORMATION--Acquires and Uses Information

- C-5 Acquires and evaluates information.
- C-6 Organizes and maintains information.
- C-7 Interprets and communicates information.
- C-8 Uses computers to Process information.

INTERPERSONAL--Works With Others

- C-9 Participates as members of a team and contributes to group effort.
- C-10 Teaches others new skills.
- C-11 Serves clients/customers--works to satisfy customer's expectations.
- C-12 Exercises leadership--communicates ideas to justify position, persuades and convinces others, responsibly challenges existing procedures and policies.
- C-13 Negotiates-Works toward agreements involving exchanges of resources resolves divergent interests.
- C-14 Works with Diversity-Works well with men and women from diverse backgrounds.

SYSTEMS--Understands Complex Interrelationships

- C-15 Understands Systems--Knows how social, organizational, and technological systems work and operates effectively with them
- C-16 Monitors and Correct Performance-Distinguishes trends, predicts impacts on system operations, diagnoses systems' performance and corrects malfunctions.
- C-17 Improves or Designs Systems-Suggests modifications to existing systems and develops new or alternative systems to improve performance.

TECHNOLOGY--Works with a variety of technologies

- C-18 Selects Technology--Chooses procedures, tools, or equipment including computers and related technologies.
- C-19 Applies Technology to Task-Understands overall intent and proper procedures for setup and operation of equipment.
- C-20 Maintains and Troubleshoots Equipment-Prevents, identifies, or solves problems with equipment, including computers and other technologies.

FOUNDATION SKILLS

BASIC SKILLS--Reads, writes, performs arithmetic and mathematical operations, listens and speaks

- F-1 Reading--locates, understands, and interprets written information in prose and in documents such as manuals, graphs, and schedules.
- F-2 Writing-Communicates thoughts, ideas, information and messages in writing, and creates documents such as letters, directions, manuals, reports, graphs, and flow charts.
- F-3 Arithmetic--Performs basic computations; uses basic numerical concepts such as whole numbers, etc.
- F-4 Mathematics--Approaches practical problems by choosing appropriately from a variety of mathematical techniques.
- F-5 Listening--Receives, attends to, interprets, and responds to verbal messages and other cues.
- F-6 Speaking--Organizes ideas and communicates orally.

THINKING SKILLS--Thinks creatively, makes decisions, solves problems, visualizes, and knows how to learn and reason

- F-7 Creative Thinking--Generates new ideas.
- F-8 Decision-Making--Specifies goals and constraints, generates alternatives, considers risks, and evaluates and chooses best alternative.
- F-9 Problem Solving--Recognizes problems and devises and implements plan of action.
- F-10 Seeing Things in the Mind's Eye--Organizes and processes symbols, pictures, graphs, objects, and other information.
- F-11 Knowing How to Learn--Uses efficient learning techniques to acquire and apply new knowledge and skills.
- F-12 Reasoning--Discovers a rule or principle underlying the relationship between two or more objects and applies it when solving a problem.

PERSONAL QUALITIES--Displays responsibility, self-esteem, sociability, self-management, integrity and honesty

- F-13 Responsibility--Exerts a high level of effort and preservers towards goal attainment.
- F-14 Self-Esteem--Believes in own self-worth and maintains a positive view of self.
- F-15 Sociability--Demonstrates understanding, friendliness, adaptability, empathy, and politeness in group settings.
- F-16 Self-Management--Assesses self accurately, sets personal goals, monitors progress, and exhibits self-control.
- F-17 Integrity/Honesty--Chooses ethical courses of action.

Campuses: Levelland

COURSE SYLLABUS

COURSE TITLE: RNSG 1443 Complex Concepts of Adult Health

INSTRUCTOR: Brenda Jordan, RN, MSN

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OFFICE LOCATION AND PHONE/E-MAIL:

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OFFICE HOURS: Posted on instructors' door.

SOUTH PLAINS COLLEGE IMPROVES EACH STUDENT'S LIFE

I. GENERAL COURSE INFORMATION

A. COURSE DESCRIPTION

RNSG 1443 is a medical-surgical nursing course which focuses on the provision of direct, assigned, and delegated safe nursing care for clients, families, and/or groups throughout the life span. Integration of previous knowledge and skills related to common adult health needs into the continued development of the professional nurse as a provider of patient-centered care, patient safety advocate, member of the health care team, and member of the profession in the care of adult patients and families with complex medical-surgical health care needs associated with body systems. Emphasis is placed on complex knowledge, judgments, skills, and professional values within a legal/ethical framework. Further, emphasis is placed on the developmental, physiological, and psychosocial changes of the older adult in regard to health promotion, maintenance, and restoration. Concepts of pharmacology, nutrition, gerontology, growth and development, and cultural aspects are integrated throughout the course. Integration of the five steps of the nursing process, effective communication skills, and teaching-learning techniques enables the student to develop problem solving, collaboration, and critical thinking skills. Thus, the student utilizes knowledge, skills, clinical data, and current literature to meet needs of clients, families, and/or groups and to make appropriate nursing decisions. This course lends itself to a blocked approach.

In addition, the course, RNSG 1443, will promote the nurse as an advocate who can evaluate the effectiveness of community resources, coordinate referral sources, and coordinate health care teams in the delivery of care on the general hospital floor, critical care units, and/or community settings. Further, the course will encourage student self assessment to enhance each as a member of the professional, personal, ethical, and legal growth and development within the practice of nursing. This course must be taken concurrently with RNSG 2461.

B. COURSE LEARNING OUTCOMES

Upon satisfactory completion of the course, the student will meet the Student Learning Outcomes (SLO) for semester 3 and progress toward meeting the SPC ADN Program Graduate Outcomes (G0), Texas BON "Differentiated Essential Competencies" 2010 (DECS) and the "Secretary's Commission on Attaining Necessary Skills" (SCANS) Competencies. The SCANS competencies (S) and foundation (F) skills; SLO; and GO outcomes are designated by letters and/or numbers under the unit title. The DECS are listed by letters and numbers in the corresponding role column on the right side of the page. (Roles are designated by the following numbers: 1=Member of the Profession; 2=Provider of Patient-Centered Care; 3=Patient Safety Advocate; and 4=Member of the Health Care Team).

Graduate Outcomes and Student Learning Objectives:

Clinical Decision Making—Provides competent nursing interventions based on application of the nursing process, and demonstration of critical thinking, independent judgment, and self-direction while caring for patients and their families.

- 1. Utilize critical thinking and systematic problem-solving process as a framework for providing care for adult patients in structured health care setting with complex health care needs.
- 2. Integrate theoretical concepts with nursing knowledge and skills to meet the basic needs of patients, families, and/or groups throughout the life span in a variety of settings.
- 3. Integrate the five steps of the nursing process into nursing practice.
- 4. Formulate safe cost-effective nursing care in collaboration with members of health care team using critical thinking, problem solving and the nursing process in a variety of settings through direct care, assignment, or delegation of care.
- 5. Utilize critical thinking and problem solving skills in prioritizing the management and coordination of all aspects of care.

Communication & Information Management—Communicates effectively utilizing technology, written documentation, and verbal expression with members of the health care team, patients and their families,

- 6. Incorporate effective skills of communication and collaboration with patients, families, and/or groups in a variety of settings.
- 7. Integrate principles of teaching-learning in providing information to patients, families, and/or groups regarding promotion, maintenance, and restoration of health or the process of death and dying.
- 8. Communicating in the applicable language of the occupation and the business industry.

Leadership—Demonstrates knowledge of basic delegation, leadership management skills, and coordinates resources to assure optimal levels of health care for patients and their families.

- 9. Coordinate appropriate referral sources to meet the needs of patients, families, and/or groups.
- 10. Delegates appropriate assignments to members of the health care team.
- 11. Evaluate the effectiveness of community resources in the delivery of health care to patients, families, and/or groups.
- 12. Coordinate the health care team in delivering care to patients, families, and/or groups.

Safety—Implements appropriate interventions to promote a quality and safe environment for patients and their families.

- 13. Integrate principles of advocacy to provide quality health care for patients, families, and/or groups.
- 14. Demonstrate legal and ethical behavior, safety practices, interpersonal and teamwork skills.
- 15. Integrate actions and act as a heath care advocate to provide quality health care for patients, families, and/or groups.

Professionalism—Demonstrates knowledge of professional development and incorporates evidence-based practice in the nursing profession. Incorporates concepts of caring, including moral, ethical, legal standards while embracing the spiritual, cultural, and religious influences on patients and their families.

- 16. Integrate the roles of the professional associate degree nurse in the provision of care for adult patients and families.
- 17. Evaluate clinical data, current literature, responses, and outcomes to therapeutic interventions to make appropriate nursing practice decisions.
- 18. Evaluate the responsibility for professional and personal growth and development.
- 19. Integrate ethical and legal responsibility and accountability for one's nursing practice.
- 20. Evaluate one's own caring behavior when interacting with patients, families, and members of health care profession.
- 21. Apply the theory, concepts, and skills involving specialized materials, equipment, procedures, regulations, laws, and interactions within and among political, economic, environmental, social, and legal systems associated with the particular occupation and the business/industry.

C. COURSE COMPETENCIES

Successful completion of this course requires a grade of "C" (77%) or better; satisfactory total grade point average on examinations, satisfactory achievement of course, unit, and RNSG 2461 clinical objectives; satisfactory completion of math competency exam with a grade that indicates that no more than 2 questions missed, completion of standardized tests as applicable to the curriculum, and regular classroom/clinical attendance.

D. ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

Refer to the SPC College Catalog. Refer to the SPC ADNP Nursing student handbook "Honesty Policy".

E. SCANS AND FOUNDATION SKILLS

Scans and foundation skills found within this course are listed below the unit title and above the content column of each unit.

F. VERIFICATION OF WORKPLACE COMPETENCIES

External learning experiences (clinicals) provide workplace setting in which students apply content and strategies related to program theory and management of the workflow. Successful completion of the ELC's statements at the level specified and correlated with the course (Level Objectives) will allow the

student to continue to advance within the program. Upon successful completion of the program students will be eligible to apply to take the state board exam (NCLEX) for registered nurse licensure.

II. SPECIFIC COURSE/INSTRUCTOR REQUIREMENT

A. TEXTBOOK AND OTHER MATERIALS:

Required Texts

Hinkle, J. <u>Lippincott CoursePoint+ for Brunner & Suddarth's Textbook of Medical-Sugical Nursing</u> (13th edition). Philadelphia, PA: J. B. Lippincott

Fransden's, CoursePoint+ for Abrams Drug (11th edition) Lippincott

Lacharity, L. A., Kumagai, C. K., & Bartz, B. <u>Prioritization, Delegation, and Assignment</u> (3rd edition) St. Louis, MO: Elsevier Inc.

Carpenito, L. <u>Handbook of Nursing Diagnosis</u> (Current Edition). Philadelphia, PA: J. B. Lippincott Company.

Ackley, B. Nursing Diagnosis Handbook (11th edition) Elsevier.

Gahart, B. Intravenous Medications (Current Edition). St. Louis, MO: Mosby-Year Book, Inc.

Kee, J.L. Fluid and Electrolytes with Clinical Applications (Current Edition) Thomson Delmar Learning

Kee, J.L. <u>Laboratory and Diagnostic Test</u> (Current Edition). Upper Saddle River, NJ: Prentice Hall Health.

Smeltzer, S. & Bare, B. <u>Brunner & Suddarth's Textbook of Medical Surgical Nursing</u> (13th Edition) Philadelphia. Lippincott, Williams & Williams.

Taylor, Lillis, Lynn. <u>Fundamentals of Nursing (Current Edition)</u> Philadelphia. Lippincott, Williams, & Williams.

Your choice of drug guide from the following list:

Lippincott Drug Guide Mosby Drug Guide

- * * Medical Dictionary of Choice
- * * * Additional Required Material (Purchased through the department)

Recommended

Curren, A., & Munday, L. Math for Meds (Current Edition). San Diego, CA: Wallcur, Inc.

Lewis & Collier. <u>Medical Surgical Nursing Assessment and Management of Clinical Problems</u> (Current Edition). St. Louis, MO: Mosby-Year Book, Inc.

Publication Manual of the American Psychological Association (Current Edition). (2001)

B. ATTENDANCE POLICY

Punctual and regular class attendance, as stated in the SPC Handbook, is required of all students attending South Plains College. There are no excused absences.

Lecture attendance is mandatory. The instructor will initiate an administrative withdrawal if a student misses 10 hours (2 days) or more of class. Time tardy will be cumulative throughout the semester.

Refer to the SPC ADNP Student Nurse Handbook to review this policy. In addition, refer to the attendance policy found in the South Plains College Catalog.

For scheduled school events (i.e. TNSA), you must be in good standing academically in order to attend as an excused absence.

C. ASSIGNMENT POLICY

All required work must be in on time in order that the student may benefit from the corrections and study for future examinations. Assigned outside work is due on the dates specified by the instructor. Assignments turned in later than the due date will not be accepted unless the instructor clears the circumstance with the student. Regardless of the circumstance, late work will be assessed a penalty of five (5) points per day for each late day. No assignment will be accepted if more than 5 days late.

D. GRADING POLICY

- 1. The student will not retain tests or copy any part of the tests or the answers. After all students have taken a test, feedback will be provided at a scheduled time. Tests will only be available for review for two-weeks after initially taking them. To review tests, make an appointment with instructor during that two-week period.
- 2. A student <u>must communicate with a course instructor</u> if unable to take a test on a scheduled day. If there is <u>no communication by one week</u> from the date of the test, a "0" will be given for that test. Alternate tests may be given as make-up tests.
- 3. There will be seven (7) tests including the ATI Medical Surgical exam, and a <u>comprehensive</u> final. Exam grade 8 will be the average of the quizzes from Lacharity, course point plus (both Brunner and Frandsen), and the ER/BIO classroom presentation.
- 4. It is recommended that the study guide for the specific unit be completed.
- 5. A student must receive a minimum course grade of "C" (77%) in RNSG 1443 and a "P" in RNSG 2461 to pass.

6. Grading scale:

A = 90 - 100

B = 80-89.99

C = 77-79.99

D = 70-76.99

F = below 69.99

7. Final Exam = 20% Tests (8) = 80%

TOTAL 100%

- 8. Grades for all Lacharity quizzes, Course Point Plus quizzes (both Brunner and Frandsen), and ER/BIO group presentation will be averaged together to obtain exam grade 8.
- 9. Failure of either theory or clinical will necessitate repeating all concurrent courses. When repeating any course, the student is required to retake all aspects of the course including the required written work.
- 10. Absolutely **NO** printing is allowed in the computer lab "A" side or at the Simulation Center. Students are allowed to print at the Technology Center in Levelland and are responsible for obtaining the rules and regulations at the Technology Center. Printing is available through the Papercut system at SPC. Students are allowed to print in the "C" side lab at the Allied Health Building. This printing is available through the papercut system. All students are responsible for obtaining the rules and regulations for printing. Students may not interrupt another class to print.
- 11. Students are responsible for keeping up with their own grades and reviewing their averages. If a student feels that they are not passing, they may come to the instructors to review grades and get help

E. SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS:

Pre-requisites: BIOL 2402, BIOL 2420, RNSG 1513, RNSG 1105, RNSG 1144, RNSG 1260 RNSG 1115, RNSG 1441, RNSG 2460, RNSG 2213 with a "C" or better in each. This course (RNSG 1443) must be taken concurrently with RNSG 2461.

Course grade of "C" or better in RNSG 1443 and a "P" in RNSG 2461 is required.

III.	COURSE	OUTLINEP	AGE
	Unit I	Nursing Roles in the Management of Burn Injury	11
	Unit II	Nursing Roles in the Management of Shock	13
	Unit III	Nursing Roles in the Management of Hematologic Disorders	15
	Unit IV	Nursing Roles in the Management of Cardiac Disorders	17
	Unit V	Nursing Roles in the Management of Peripheral Vascular Disorders	20
	Unit VI	Nursing Roles in the Management of Renal Dysfunction	23
	Unit VII	Nursing Roles in the Management of Respiratory Disorders	25
	Unit VIII	Nursing Roles in the Management of Acquired Immune-Deficiency Symptoms	27
	Unit IX	Nursing Roles in the Management of Neurologic Disorders	29
	Unit X	Nursing Roles in the Management of Hepatic, Biliary And Pancreatic Disorders	31
	Unit XI	Nursing Roles in the Management of Emergency Trauma, Terrorism, Mass Casualty and Disaster	35

IV. ACCOMMODATIONS

Students with disabilities, including but not limited to physical, psychiatric, or learning disabilities, who wish to request accommodations in this class should notify the Special Services Office. In accordance with federal law, a student requesting accommodations must provide acceptable documentation of his/her disability to the Special Services Coordinator. For more information, call or visit the Special Services Office in the Student Services Building, 716-2529 or 716-2530.

^{**}Not the order of the lectures**

V. CLASSROOM EITQUETTE

Students should be on time for class to begin to prevent interrupting lecture or quizzes. Students should be respectful of others and not talk while lectures are going on. Students are expected to leave other students private property alone. Students are asked to not disturb their neighbors. Students are expected to clean up after themselves if they make a mess.

VI. CAMPUS CARRY

Campus Concealed Carry - Texas Senate Bill - 11 (Government Code 411.2031, et al.) authorizes the carrying of a concealed handgun in South Plains College buildings only by persons who have been issued and are in possession of a Texas License to Carry a Handgun. Qualified law enforcement officers or those who are otherwise authorized to carry a concealed handgun in the State of Texas are also permitted to do so. Pursuant to Penal Code (PC) 46.035 and South Plains College policy, license holders may not carry a concealed handgun in restricted locations. For a list of locations, please refer to the SPC policy at:

(http://www.southplainscollege.edu/human_resources/policy_procedure/hhc.php)

Pursuant to PC 46.035, the open carrying of handguns is prohibited on all South Plains College campuses. Report violations to the College Police Department at 806-716-2396 or 9-1-1.

UNITS CONTENTS

SCANS: **C**: 1,3-7,15-16,18 **F**: 1-13, 15-17 SLO: 1-21 GO: 1-5

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DE	CS (Kno	owledg	e)
		EVALUATION	1	2	2 3	3 4
A. Etiology	Describe the courses of burns.	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
B. Epidemiology		Lecture/discussion	A2	A2	A3	A2
C. Gerontologic Concerns	Identify population at risk for burn injury.		A3	A3	A4	А3
D. Pathophysiology		Simulations	B2	A4	A5	B1
1. Hypovolemic Stage	Identify gerontologic physical attributes that should be considered.		В3	B1	B1	B2
2. Diuretic Stage		Learning activities	B4	B2	B2	В3
E. Severity of Burns	Describe the pathophysiologic changes that occur during the two stages		B5	В3	В3	B5
1. Depth	following major burns.	ASSIGNMENTS	В6	B4	В4	C1
2. Severity		Annotated Guide to	В7	B5	B5	C2
3. Total Body Surface	Differentiate between superficial, deep, and full thickness burns.	Nurse Practice Act	В8	В6	В7	C3
F. Pre-hospital Care and			В9	В7	В8	C4
First Aid	Identify the parameters used to determine the severity of burns.	Brunner/Suddarth's	C1	В8	В9	D1
G. Management of Burns		appropriate areas	C2	В9	C1	D2
1. Emergent/Resucitative	Determine the percentage of the body surface area burned by the rule		C3	C1	C2	D3
Phase	of nines from a given example.	Carpenito: See	C4	C2	D1	D4
a. ED care		appropriate nursing	C5	C3	D2	D7
b. Airway	Describe the effect of carbon monoxide and smoke poisoning.	diagnosis	C6	C4	D3	E1
c. Fluids			D1	C5	E1	E2
d. Medications	Describe the three phases of burn care of major burns and initial	Kee: See the	D3	C6	E3	E3
e. Initial Wound Care	inpatient therapy.	appropriate labs	D4	C7	F1	E4
H. Acute/Intermediate Phase				D1	F2	
1. Treatment of wound	Propose interventions for replacing body fluids, preventing infection,	Review fluid and		D2	F3	
a. Hydro therapy	promoting nutrition and mobility, and providing emotional support	electrolytes		D3		
b. Debridement	for the client and family.	Brunner/Suddarth's		D4		
c. Antibacterial Agents				E1		
d. Dressings	Calculate the amount of fluid a patient with a major burn will need	Potter & Perry: See		E2		
e. Debridement	in 8/24 hours.	appropriate areas.		E3		
f. Grafting				E4		

SCANS: **C**: 1,3-7,15-16,18 **F**: 1-13, 15-17 SLO: 1-21 GO: 1-5

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	CS (Kno	wledge	;)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	
2. Pain Management	Calculate the kilocalories a patient with a major burn will require.	ASSIGNMENTS		E5		
3. Nutrition				E6		
4. Complication Prevention	Assess the teaching needs of the patient and family with burns.	Review skin A & P		E9		
a. Infections	inpatient therapy.	Brunner/Suddarth's		E10		
b. Scars				E11		
c. Keloids	Describe special needs of nursing staff caring for burn clients.			E12		
d. Failure to Heal		EVALUATIONS		E13		
e. Contractures	Identify resources available in the community for burned clients.	Classroom quizzes		F1		
I. Rehabilitation Phase				F2		
1. Psychological Support	Discuss nursing interventions for hospital and community nursing care.	Computer Tests		F3		
2. Abnormal Wound Healing				F4		
a. Scarring	Evaluate cost involved in preparation of client's return home.			F5		
b. Prevention/Treatment				F6		
3. Pain Control	Discuss how care could be coordinated with other departments.			G1		
4. Exercise				G2		
5. Nutrition	Research medications used in burn therapy.			G3		
J. Outpatient Burn Care				G4		
K. Burn Prevention	Evaluate the psychosocial & physiologic aspects of burn rehabilitation			G5		
L. Miscellaneous Burn Injuries				G6		
1. Stevens-Johnson	Work with the public in regard to fire prevention.			G7		
Syndrome (SJS)				H5		
2. Toxic Epidermal	Evaluate the awareness of preventive measures federal/state/local					
Necrolysis (TEN)	agencies have provided.					
	Determine the need for community resources with the burn patient.					
	Discuss other burn injuries including pathophysiology, medical,					
	and nurising interventions.					

GO: 1-5

SCANS: **C**: 5-7, 16, 18 **F**: 1-5, 7-9, 12-13

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DECS (Knowledge			e)
		EVALUATION	1	. 2	2 3	3 4
I. Types of Shock	Analyze the shock syndrome.	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
A. Hypovolemic		Lecture/discussion	A2	A2	A3	A2
1. Causes	Analyze different methods of monitoring for shock.		А3	A3	A4	A3
2. S/S		Simulations	B2	A4	A5	B1
3. Treatment	Describe the signs and symptoms of the different types of shock.		В3	B1	B1	B2
B. Cardiogenic	Note common signs & symptoms		B4	B2	B2	В3
1. Causes		ASSIGNMENTS	B5	В3	В3	B5
2. S/S	Compare early and late pathophysiologic changes that occur	Annotated Guide to	В6	B4	В4	C1
3. Treatment	with shock.	Nurse Practice Act	В7	B5	B5	C2
C. Distributive			В8	В6	В7	C3
1. Neurogenic	Predict the organ damage that may occur with shock.	Brunner & Suddarth's	В9	В7	В8	C4
a. Causes		appropriate areas	C1	В8	В9	D1
b. S/S	Describe the nursing management for a client experiencing shock.		C2	В9	C1	D2
c. Treatment		Carpenito:	C3	C1	C2	D3
2. Anaphylactic	Describe methods of fluid replacement during shock.	See appropriate	C4	C2	D1	D4
a. Causes		diagnosis.	C5	C3	D2	D7
b. S/S	Evaluate effect of pharmacologic agents used to treat shock		C6	C4	D3	E1
c. Treatment	and nursing measures for patients receiving drug therapy.	Kee:	D1	C5	E1	E2
3. Septic		See appropriate lab.	D3	C6	E3	E3
a. Causes	Contrast three major types of shock.		D4	C7	F1	E4
b. S/S		Potter & Perry:		D1	F2	
c. Treatment	Describe therapeutic measures for shock other	See appropriate area.		D2	F3	
	than fluids and drug therapy.			D3		
II. SIRS				D4		
III. MODS	Devise methods of support for client and family.	Computer Test		E1		
IV. Hemodynamic Monitoring				E2		
V. Sepsis				E3		
				E4		

SCANS: **C**: 5-7, 16, 18 **F**: 1-5, 7-9, 12-13

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT OBJECTIVES Prioritize nursing interventions for the patient in shock. Assess for symptoms of impending shock.	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/ EVALUATION	1	2 (Knor 2 E5 E6	wledge 3	
	EVALUATION		E5 E6	3	
			E6		
Assess for symptoms of impending shock.					
Assess for symptoms of impending shock.					
			E9		1
			E10		
Monitor fluid balance for the patient at high risk for shock.			E11		
			E12		
Review current articles about shock			E13		
			F1		
			F2		
			F3		
			F4		
			F5		
			F6		
			G1		
			G2		
			G3		
			G4		
			G5		
			G6		
			G7		
			H5		
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SCANS: **C**: 2-7,14,18 **F**: 7- 10, 12, 17 SLO: 1-21 GO: 1-5

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEADAUNIC ACTIVITIES /	DECS (Knowledge)			-1
CONTENT	ORIECTIAE2	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/		_	_	
		EVALUATION	1	_		<u> </u>
A. Blood & Blood Components	Describe the different types of blood cells and their functions.	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
		Lecture/discussion	A2	A2	А3	A2
B. Anemia's	Describe the nursing management for the patient receiving blood		А3	А3	A4	A3
	and blood components.	Simulations	B2	A4	A5	B1
C. Leukemia's			В3	B1	B1	B2
	Describe the procedure for administering a blood transfusion.	Learning activities	B4	B2	B2	В3
D. Clotting Factor Defects/ DIC			B5	В3	В3	B5
	Discuss the mechanism and clinical manifestations of blood	ASSIGNMENTS	B6	B4	B4	C1
E. Multiple Myelomas	transfusion reactions.	Annotated Guide to	B7	B5	B5	C2
		Nurse Practice Act	B8	В6	B7	C3
F. Lymphomas	Describe the nursing actions for blood transfusion reactions.		В9	В7	B8	C4
		Brunner/Suddarth's	C1	В8	В9	D1
G. Age Related Changes	Describe the clinical manifestations and complications of anemia.	appropriate areas	C2	В9	C1	D2
			C3	C1	C2	D3
H. Culture/ Religious	Differentiate between the etiologic and morphologic classification of	Carpenito: See	C4	C2	D1	D4
Information	anemia.	appropriate nursing	C5	C3	D2	D7
		diagnosis.	C6	C4	D3	E1
I. Polycythemia	Evaluate the community at risk for developing anemia.		D1	C5	E1	E2
		Kee: See the	D3	C6	E3	E3
J. Thrombocytopenia	Compare and contrast the major types of leukemia.	appropriate labs.	D4	C7	F1	E4
				D1	F2	
	Explain the therapeutic and nursing management of acute and	Potter & Perry: See		D2	F3	
	chronic leukemia.	appropriate areas.		D3		
				D4		
	Describe the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and management	Review normal		E1		
	of DIC.	Blood components.		E2		
		<u>'</u>		E3		
				E4		
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SCANS: **C**: 2-7,14,18 **F**: 7- 10, 12, 17

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	S (Kno	wledge)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Describe the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, therapeutic	EVALUATION	E	E5		
	and nursing management of multiple myeloma.	Classroom Quizzes	E	E6		
			E	E9		
	Compare Hodgkin and non-Hodgkin's lymphoma in terms of clinical	Computer test	E	E10		
	manifestations, staging, and therapeutic nursing management.			E11		
			E	E12		
	Identify the national population at risk for hematologic disorders.			E13		
			F	F1		
	Evaluate the cultural and religious differences when dealing with the			F2		
	hematologic disorders.			F3		
				F4		
	Describe the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and therapeutic			F5		
	nursing management of polycythemia.			F6		
				G1		
	Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and therapeutic			G2		
	nursing management of various types of thrombocytopenia.			G3		
				G4		
				G5		
				G6		
				G7		
			ŀ	H5		

SCANS: **C:** 1-8, 15, 18 **F:** 1-13 SLO: 1-21 GO: 1-5

SCANS: C : 1-8, 15, 18 F : 1-13	SLO: 1-21		GO: 1	- 5		
CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DE	CS (Kno	wledg	e)
		EVALUATION	1	. 2	. 3	3 4
A. Cardiovascular Assessment	Relate studies utilized to assess cardiovascular function to the	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
	care of the client with cardiovascular dysfunction.	Lecture/Discussion	A2	A2	A3	A2
B. Physiologic Changes			А3	А3	A4	А3
with Aging	Identify life-threatening arrhythmias.	Guest Speakers	B2	A4	A5	B1
			В3	B1	B1	B2
C. Diagnostic Tests	Identify the clinical char-acteristics and elecrocardio-graphic patterns	Simulations	В4	B2	B2	В3
	of common dysrhythmias.		B5	В3	В3	B5
D. Cardiac Arrhythmias		ASSIGNMENTS	В6	B4	B4	C1
	Describe the therapeutic and nursing management of common	Annotated Guide to NPA	В7	B5	B5	C2
E. Coronary Artery Disease	dysthymias.		В8	В6	В7	C3
			В9	В7	B8	C4
F. Angina Pectoris	Differentiate between defibrillation and cardioversion, identifying	Brunner & Suddarth's	C1	B8	В9	D1
	indications for use and physiologic effects.	appropriate areas	C2	В9	C1	D2
G. Unstable Angina			C3	C1	C2	D3
	Describe etiology and pathophysiology of CAD.		C4	C2	D1	D4
H. Myocardial Infarction		Carpenito: See	C5	C3	D2	D7
	Compare the precipitating factors, types, clinical manifestations,	appropriate diagnosis.	C6	C4	D3	E1
I. Congestive Heart Failure	and therapeutic and pharmacologic management of stable and		D1	C5	E1	E2
	unstable angina.	Kee: See appropriate	D3	C6	E3	E3
J. Inflammatory Heart		lab values and tests.	D4	C7	F1	E4
Diseases	Explain the pathophysiologic basis, therapeutic modalities, and nursing			D1	F2	
	interventions for myocardial infarction, and congestive heart failure.	Review the		D2	F3	
K. Cardiomyopathies		cardiovascular system		D3		
		assessment.		D4		
L. Valvular Disorders				E1		
		Computer Test		E2		
		EVALUATION		E3		
				E4		

SCANS: C : 1-8, 15, 18 F : 1-13	SLO: 1-21		GO: 1-5		
CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DECS (Kno	wledge))
		EVALUATION	1 2	3	4
M. Cardiac Surgery	Identify teaching needs of patients with angina, myocardial infarction,		E5		
	and congestive heart failure.		E6		
			E9		
	Identify teaching needs of patients with angina, myocardial infarction,		E10		
	CHF, and patients undergoing cardiac surgery.		E11		
			E12		
	Discuss drugs used in management of cardiovascular problems.		E13		
			F1		
	Compare the pathophysiology of systolic and diastolic failure.		F2		
			F3		
	Discuss compensatory mechanisms involved in CHF.		F4		
			F5		
	Discuss dietary interventions for clients with CHF and MI.		F6		
			G1		
	Discuss drug therapy for inflammatory heart diseases.		G2		
			G3		
	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, and clinical manifestations of		G4		
	infective endocarditis and pericarditis.		G5		
			G6		
	Discuss the therapeutic, pharmacologic, and nursing management of		G7		
	infective endocarditis and pericarditis.		H5		
	Explain the importance of prophylactic antibiotic therapy in infective				
	endocarditis.				
	Discuss the etiology clinical manifestations, and management of				
	myocarditis.				

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	CS (Kno	wledge	<u>,</u>
		EVALUATION	1	2		,
	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, and clinical manifestations of					
	rheumatic fever and rheumatic heart disease.					
	Discuss the therapeutic and nursing management of the patient					
	with rheumatic fever and rheumatic heart disease.					
						<u> </u>
	Compare the different types of cardiomyopathy regarding					<u> </u>
	pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and therapeutic and nursing					—
	management					₩
	Differentiate hat we are different to all the wealth and the					┼
	Differentiate between different valvular replacements.					┼
	Describe surgical intervention for repair of cardiac valves and the					+
	pre/post operatives nursing care required.					+
	preypost operatives harsing care required.					+
	Discuss the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and diagnostic					1
	studies for various types of valvular heart problems.					
	Describe surgical interventions used in management of patient with					
	valvular heart problems					
	Describe the indications for cardiac transplantation and nursing					
	management of cardiac transplant recipients.					ــــــ
						<u> </u>
	Describe pre and postoperative management of cardiac surgery.					—
	Discuss the universals of the lates of the Sellen of Constant of the Sellen of the Sellen of Constant of the Sellen of the Selle					₩
	Discuss the principle of the Intra aortic Balloon Counter-pulsation					₩
	Pump.					<u> </u>

GO: 1-5

SCANS: **C**: 4 -7, 9-16 18 **F**: 1-13, 15

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DE	CS (Kno	wledge	e)
		EVALUATION	1	2	2 3	3 4
A. Nursing Assessment	Describe the locations of the structures and functions of the PV System.	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
Peripheral Vascular System		Lecture/discussoin	A2	A2	А3	A2
1. Structure of the PV System	Identify age-related changes and the differences in the assessment		A3	А3	A4	А3
2. Function of the PV System	findings of the PV System.	ASSIGNMENTS	B2	A4	A5	B1
3. Gerontologic Considerations		Annotated Guide to	В3	B1	B1	B2
of the PV System	Identify the risk factors associated with the development of a	Nurse Practice Act	B4	B2	B2	В3
4. Diagnostic Tests and	peripheral vascular disorder.		B5	В3	В3	B5
procedures of the PV System		Brunner/Suddarth's	В6	B4	B4	C1
	Promote national awareness of risk facotrs of peripheral vascular	appropriate areas	В7	B5	B5	C2
B. Disorders of the PV System	disorders.		B8	В6	В7	C3
1. Arterial Disorders			В9	В7	В8	C4
2. Venous Disorders	Describe the nursing responsibilities in caring for patients	Carpenito: See	C1	B8	В9	D1
3. Lymph System Disorders	experiencing peripheral ischemia.	appropriate nursing	C2	В9	C1	D2
4. Hypertension		diagnosis.	C3	C1	C2	D3
	Describe the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and surgical		C4	C2	D1	D4
	management of aneurysms.	Kee: See the	C5	C3	D2	D7
		appropriate labs.	C6	C4	D3	E1
	Discuss the peri-op, intra-op, and post op nursing care of a patient		D1	C5	E1	E2
	having an aortic aneurysm repair.	Potter & Perry: See	D3	C6	E3	E3
		appropriate areas.	D4	C7	F1	E4
	Describe the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, nursing, and			D1	F2	
	surgical management of peripheral arterial occlusive disease.	EVALUATION		D2	F3	
		Classroom Quizzes		D3		
	Discuss the nursing management of the patient with acute arterial			D4		
	insufficiency affecting the lower extremities.	Computer Test		E1		
				E2		
	Describe the prevention and management of venous thrombosis.			E3		
				E4		

GO: 1-5

SCANS: **C**: 4 -7, 9-16 18 **F**: 1-13, 15 SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	CS (Kno	wledge))
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Differentiate the arterial disorders: include the signs/symptoms			E5		
	pathophysiologies, and treatments.			E6		
				E9		
	Describe the pathophysiology, nursing diagnosis, and interventions			E10		
	for patients with venous disorders.			E11		
				E12		
	Identify three risk factors predisposing patients to the development			E13		
	of thrombophlebitis.			F1		
				F2		
	Differentiate between the clinical characteristics of superficial and			F3		
	deep vein thrombophlebitis (DVT).			F4		
				F5		
	Describe the nursing management of the patient with DVT.			F6		
				G1		
	Explain the purpose and actions of commonly used anticoagulants and			G2		
	the nursing role for patients receiving them.			G3		
				G4		
	Describe the pathophysiology and nursing management of venous stasis			G5		
	ulcers.			G6		
				G7		
	Explain the disease process, major classification, and primary and			H5		
	secondary prevention measures for hypertension.					
	Evaluate the dietary needs and formulate a dietary teaching plan for					
	the patient with hypertension.					
	Evaluate the necessity for teaching about hypertension in the					
	community.					

SCANS: **C**: 4 -7, 9-16 18 **F**: 1-13, 15 SLO: 1-21 GO: 1-5

CANS. C. 4 -7, 9-10 18 F.			GO. 1			
CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	CS (Kno	wledge	e)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	
	Teach the risk factors of hypertension whenever possible.					
	Describe the nursing resposibilities for patients experiencing					
	hyypertension.					1
	Try y per tension.					
	List medications used in the treatment of hypertension and describe					
	the "stepped care" approach to medication therapy.					
	the stepped care approach to medication therapy.					
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GO: 1-5

SCANS: **C**: 1, 3-7, 15, 18 **F**: 1-2, 5, 7-12

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DE	CS (Kno	owledg	e)
		EVALUATION	1	2	2 3	3 4
A. Acute Renal Failure (ARF)	Differentiate among the categories/causes of prerenal, intrarenal,	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
1. Categories	and postrenal acute renal failure.	Lecture/discussion	A2	A2	A3	A2
a. Prerenal Failure			A3	A3	A4	A3
b. Intrarenal Failure	Describe the course of reversible acute renal failure.	Simulations	B2	A4	A5	B1
c. Postrenal Failure			В3	B1	B1	B2
2. Phases of ARF	Explain the therapeutic and nursing management for a patient in the	Learning activities	B4	B2	B2	В3
a. Initiation Period	oliguric and diuretic phases of acute renal failure		B5	В3	В3	B5
b. Oliguria Period			В6	B4	B4	C1
c. Diuresis period	Differentiate between acute and chronic renal failure.		В7	B5	B5	C2
d. Recovery Period		ASSIGNMENTS	В8	В6	В7	C3
B. Chronic Renal Failure	Differentiate between the different drugs given for renal disorders.	Annotated Guide to	В9	В7	В8	C4
C. Dialysis		Nurse Practice Act	C1	В8	В9	D1
1. Hemodialysis			C2	В9	C1	D2
2. Peritoneal Dialysis	Compare dietary consideration for the different renal disorders.	Review A & P	C3	C1	C2	D3
D. Kidney Transplant	Explain the conservative management and related nursing	Brunner/Suddarth's	C4	C2	D1	D4
1. Preoperative Care	management of chronic renal failure.	appropriate areas	C5	C3	D2	D7
2. Postoperative Care			C6	C4	D3	E1
3. Transplant Rejection	Explain the physiologic principles of dialysis.		D1	C5	E1	E2
a. Hyperacute			D3	C6	E3	E3
b. Acute	Differentiate between the types (hemo & peritoneal) of dialysis and		D4	C7	F1	E4
c. Long Term	related care.			D1	F2	
4. Immunosuppressive				D2	F3	
Therapy	Compare common vascular access sites used for hemodialysis.	Carpenito: See		D3		
		appropriate nursing		D4		
	Develop a plan of care for the nursing management for a hemodialysis	diagnosis		E1		
	and peritoneal dialysis client including diet, access care, lifestyle			E2		
	changes, activity restrictions, and community resources.	Kee: See the		E3		
		appropriate labs		E4		

SCANS: **C**: 1, 3-7, 15, 18 **F**: 1-2, 5, 7-12

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/ DEC)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Compare and contrast Continuous Ambulatory Peritoneal Dialysis	ASSIGNMENTS		E5		
	(CAPD) and Continuous Cyclic Peritoneal Dialysis (CCPD).	Review to instructor		E6		
		chart of labs		E9		
	Describe Continuous Renal Replacement Therapy(CRRT).			E10		
		Review fluid and		E11		
	Evaluate ones knowledge of principles of dialysis.	electrolytes		E12		
		Brunner/Suddarth's		E13		
	Compare dialysis and renal transplantation as methods of treatment			F1		
	for chronic kidney disease.			F2		
				F3		
	Describe nursing management of patients in the preoperative,	Potter & Perry: See		F4		
	operative, and post operative stages of kidney transplantation.	appropriate areas.		F5		
				F6		
	Explain the long-term problems of the patients with a kidney transplant.	Assigned articles		G1		
		under Renal folder		G2		
	Differentiate between three (3) types of transplant rejections.	on Blackboard		G3		
				G4		
	Discuss Immunosuppressive medications.	EVALUATIONS		G5		
		Classroom quizzes		G6		
	Identify appropriate sources of assistance in the community.			G7		
		Computer Tests		H5		

GO: 1-5

SCANS: **C**: 5-7, 15, 18 **F**: 1-2, 5, 7-12, 17

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DE	CS (Knc	wledge	5)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	-
A. Tuberculosis	Describe incidence, preventive measures, nutritional considerations,	Lecture/discussion	A1	A1	A2	A1
	therapeutic, and nursing management of TB.		A2	A2	А3	A2
B. Fungal Infections			А3	А3	A4	А3
	Describe the drug therapy used with clients with TB.	Simulations	B2	A4	A5	B1
C. Occupational Lung Diseases			В3	B1	B1	B2
	Evaluate updated information on TB and management modalities.	Learning activities	B4	В2	B2	В3
D. Severe Acute Respiratory			B5	В3	В3	B5
Syndrome (SARS)	Compare fungal infections of the respiratory tract. (Causes, clinical	ASSIGNMENTS	В6	В4	B4	C1
	manifestations, therapeutic and nursing management).	Annotated Guide to	В7	B5	B5	C2
E. Hantavirus Pulmonary		Nurse Practice Act	B8	В6	В7	C3
Syndrome (HPS)	Collaborate with other health care providers in preventive management		В9	В7	В8	C4
	of fungal infections.		C1	В8	В9	D1
F. Identify Flu Varieties		Brunner/Suddarth's	C2	В9	C1	D2
	Identify the causative factors, clinical features, and management of	appropriate areas	C3	C1	C2	D3
G. Acute Respiratory Distress	occupational lung diseases.		C4	C2	D1	D4
Syndrome (ARDS)			C5	C3	D2	D7
	Determine clinical features, diagnostics, treatment, and preventative		C6	C4	D3	E1
H. Chest Trauma	management of SARS.		D1	C5	E1	E2
			D3	C6	E3	E3
I. Pulmonary Embolism	Describe care of a client with HPS including the clinical symptoms,		D4	C7	F1	E4
	mode of transmission, exposure precautions, and treatment.			D1	F2	
J. Pulmonary Edema				D2	F3	
	Identify flu by pathology, clinical manifestations, medical treatment			D3		
K. Pleural Effusion	and nursing responsibilities.			D4		
				E1		
L. Respiratory Insufficiency	Describe the causative factors, clinical features and management of			E2		
' ' '	ARDS.			E3		
				E4		

SCANS: **C:** 5-7, 15, 18 **F:** 1-2, 5, 7-12, 17

SLO: 1-21

GO: 1-5 DECS (Knowledge) CONTENT **OBJECTIVES** LEARNING ACTIVITIES/ **EVALUATION** M. Mechanical Ventilation Describe the pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, and management of E5 **ASSIGNMENTS** of pulmonary emboli pleural effusion, pulmonary edema. Carpenito: See E6 appropriate nursing E9 Describe the maintenance of chest tubes and trouble shooting diagnosis E10 procedures. E11 Kee: See the E12 E13 List five precautions to be observed in care of chest tubes. appropriate labs F1 F2 Identify the mechanisms involved, clinical manifestations, and Potter & Perry: See management of pneumothorax, hemothorax, fractured ribs, flare chest, F3 appropriate areas. and penetrating wounds. F4 F5 Assigned articles under Resp folder F6 Differentiate between a closed, open, and tension pneumothorax. on Blackboard G1 Describe measures to promote oxygenation, facilitate breathing, and G2 G3 provide ventilation and hydration. **EVALUATIONS** G4 Classroom guizzes G5 Assess and document each patient's respiratory status by observation and auscultation. G6 G7 H5 Describe the indications for mechanical ventilation modes of mechanical ventilation, and related nursing management. Evaluate current information on modes of mechanical ventilation and nursing management.

GO: 1-5

SCANS: **C**: 2-3, 5-7, 9 **F**: 1-12, 14, 16

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	IING ACTIVITIES/ DECS (Knowledge)			e)
		EVALUATION	1	2	2 3	3 4
A. HIV Infection	Describe the following characteristics of HIV infection: definition,	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
1. Epidemiology	incidence, pathophysiology, and etiology (population at risk).	Lecture	A2	A2	A3	A2
2. Pathophysiology			А3	A3	A4	А3
3. Transmission	Act as an advocate to promotion of quality health care for clients that	DVD	B2	A4	A5	B1
a. Preventive Education	are HIV+.		В3	B1	B1	B2
b. Standard Precautions		Simulation	B4	B2	B2	В3
c. Postexposure	Describe universal blood and body fluid precautions.		B5	В3	В3	B5
Prophylaxis		Case Studies	B6	B4	B4	C1
4. Gerontologic Concerns	Describe the various opportunistic infections according to causative		B7	B5	B5	C2
Prevention/Education	agent, symptomatology, and treatment.	ASSIGNMENTS	B8	В6	В7	C3
6. Stages of HIV		Annotated Guide to	В9	В7	B8	C4
a. Category A	Explain the diagnostics tests for AIDS.	Nurse Practice Act	C1	В8	В9	D1
b. Category B			C2	В9	C1	D2
c. Category C	Evaluate the drugs used for the patient with AIDS.	Brunner/Suddarth's	C3	C1	C2	D3
7. Assessment		appropriate areas	C4	C2	D1	D4
8. Diagnostics	Discuss the nutritional needs of a patient with HIV or AIDS.		C5	C3	D2	D7
9. Treatment			C6	C4	D3	E1
a. Medication Regimen	Collaborate with other health care providers, institutions, and		D1	C5	E1	E2
b. Drug Resistance	organizations to solve health care problems for clients with AIDS,		D3	C6	E3	E3
c. Nutrition		Carpenito: See	D4	C7	F1	E4
B. AIDS	Discuss education needed for the client with HIV infection at home.	appropriate nursing		D1	F2	
1. Definition		diagnosis		D2	F3	
2. Opportunistic Infections	Assess cultural needs for the HIV (+) client.			D3		
3. Emotional and Ethical		Kee: See the		D4		
Concerns	Identify community resources available for the HIV (+) client.	appropriate labs		E1		
				E2		
				E3		
				E4		

SCANS: **C**: 2-3, 5-7, 9 **F**: 1-12, 14, 16

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Evaluate your attitude towards patients with HIV or AIDS.	EVALUATION	E5			
		Classroom quizzes	Eθ			
			ES			
		Computer Tests	E1	10		
				11		
				12		
				13		
			F1			
			F2			
			F3			
			F4			
			F5			
			F6			
			G:			
			G			
			G3			
			G4			
			G!			
			G			
			G7			
			H5	5		

SCANS: C: 5-7, 9-15, 18 F: 1-13, 15-17 SLO: 1-21 GO: 1-5

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DECS (Knowledge			<u></u>
		EVALUATION	1	_ `	2	3 4
A. Degenerative Diseases	Explain the potential impact of chronic neurologic diseases in society.	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1
1. Multiple Sclerosis		Lecture/discussion	A2	A2	А3	A2
2. Parkinson's	Evaluate updates on degenerative diseases affecting society.		А3	А3	A4	А3
3. Huntington's Disease		Simulations	B2	A4	A5	B1
4. Myasthenia Gravis	Discuss physiologic changes in the nervous system that occur with aging.		В3	B1	B1	B2
5. Amyotropic Lateral		Learning activities	B4	В2	B2	В3
Sclerosis	Discuss the major goals for clients with chronic, progressive neurologic		B5	В3	В3	B5
6. Alzheimer's	disease with multi departmental consultations.	ASSIGNMENTS	В6	В4	В4	C1
		Annotated Guide to	В7	B5	B5	C2
B. Infections/Inflammations	Evaluate community risks and resources in relation to infectious disease.	Nurse Practice Act.	B8	В6	В7	C3
1. Meningitis			В9	В7	В8	C4
2. Encephalitis	Discuss common neurological problems. Include pathophysiology,	Brunner/Suddarth's	C1	B8	В9	D1
3. Brain Abscess	diagnostic testing, and medical/surgical management.	appropriate areas	C2	В9	C1	D2
4. Polio/Post Polio Syndrome			C3	C1	C2	D3
5. Guillian-Barre` Syndrome	Describe the nursing implications of common neurologic problems.		C4	C2	D1	D4
6. Neurosyphilis		Carpenito: See	C5	C3	D2	D7
7. Herpes Zoster	Describe medications used in each of the common neurologic problems.	appropriate nursing	C6	C4	D3	E1
8. West Nile Virus		diagnosis.	D1	C5	E1	E2
	Identify dietary considerations in each of the common neurologic		D3	C6	E3	E3
C. Cranial Nerve Disorders	problems.	Kee: See the	D4	C7	F1	E4
 Trigeminal Neuralgia 		appropriate labs.		D1	F2	
2. Bell's Palsy	Identify West Nile virus by pathology, clinical manifestations, medical			D2	F3	
	treatment, and nursing responsibilities.	Potter & Perry: See		D3		
D. Traumatic Lesions		appropriate areas.		D4		
1. Head Injury	Describe nursing interventions for the patient with spinal cord injuries			E1		
2. Spinal Cord Injury	and brain trauma.	Review Cranial		E2		
		Nerves		E3		
				E4		

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DECS (Kno	wled
		EVALUATION	1 2	
	Lobby for legislation for safety measures against head injuries.	Review: CVA, ICP,	E5	
		and Headache	E6	
	Research new treatment modalities used with spinal cord injuries.		E9	
		Review the	E10	
	Explain the clinical manifestations and nursing interventions for a	neurological tests	E11	
	person in spinal cord shock.	and procedures.	E12	
			E13	
	Describe the population at risk for spinal cord injuries.	EVALUATION	F1	
		Classroom Quizzes	F2	
	Describe the clincal manifestation, pathophysiology, and diagnostic		F3	
	evaluations, medical, surgical, and nursing interventions with	Computer Test	F4	
	Trigeminal Neuralgia and Bell's Palsy.		F5	
			F6	
	Act as advocate to promote provison of quality health care.		G1	
			G2	
			G3	
			G4	
			G5	
			G6	
		<u> </u>	G7	
			H5	
		<u> </u>		
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 SCANS: C: 5-7, 15, 18 F: 1-2, 5-13
 SLO: 1-21
 GO: 1-5

CONTENT OBJECTIVES LEARNING ACTIVITIES				CS (Kn	owledg	ge)	
		EVALUATION	1	1 :	2	3	4
A. Hepatic Disorders	Review:	GROUP	A1	A1	A2	A1	
1. Focal Hepatocellular	a. A & P of liver system.	Lecture/discussion	A2	A2	A3	A2	
Disorders	b. The functions of the liver.		A3	A3	A4	А3	
2. Diffuse Hepatocellular	c. The blood vessels leading to and from the liver.	ASSIGNMENTS	B2	A4	A5	B1	
Disorders	d. How does the portal circulation differ from other venous		В3	B1	B1	B2	
3. Hepatic Transplant	systems?	Annotaated Guide	B4	B2	В2	В3	
	e. Describe the role of the liver in metabolic and maintenance of energy balance.	to NPA	B5 B6	B3 B4	B3 B4	B5 C1	
B. Biliary and Gallbladder	energy balance.	Brunner & Suddarth's	B7	B5	B5	C2	\dashv
Disorders	Correlate subjective and objective data with hepatic system problems.	appropriate areas	B8	B6	B7	C3	\dashv
Disorders	Correlate subjective and objective data with nepatic system problems.	appropriate areas	B9	B7	B8	C4	\dashv
C. Pancreatic Disorders	Describe various lab and diagnostic tests used to identify		C1	B8	B9	D1	\dashv
e. i unercutie bisorucis	pathophysiological change status in the liver.	Carpenito: See	C2	B9	C1	D2	\dashv
	putrophysiological change status in the liver.	appropriate diagnosis.	C3	C1	C2	D3	\dashv
	Describe the medical and nursing needs of a patient with liver		C4	C2	D1	D4	\dashv
	abscesses, tumor & trauma.	Kee: See appropriate	C5	C3	D2	D7	\neg
		lab.	C6	C4	D3	E1	
	Contrast the signs and symptoms of focal vs. diffuse hepatocellular		D1	C5	E1	E2	コ
	disorders.	Review A& P of the	D3	C6	E3	E3	
		Pancreatic System	D4	C7	F1	E4	
	Differentiate between viral and toxic hepatitis.			D1	F2		\Box
		EVALUATION		D2	F3		
	Differentiate between hepatitis A, B, C, D and E.			D3			
		Classroom Quizzes		D4			
	Evaluate the pathophysiology bases of the clinical manifestations in			E1			
	cirrhosis and the complications of cirrhosis.	Computer Test		E2			
				E3			
				E4			

SCANS: **C:** 5-7, 15, 18 **F:** 1-2, 5-13

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	CS (Kno	wledge)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Describe the common medical and nursing needs of a patient with			E5		
	ascites, esophageal varices, portal-systemic encephalopathy, and			E6		
	heptatorenal syndrome.			E9		
				E10		
	Identify three groups of drugs to be avoided by the client who has a			E11		
	malfunctioning liver.			E12		
				E13		
	Discuss the nursing implications for care of a client undergoing liver			F1		
	biopsy.			F2		
				F3		
	List the signs of jaundice.			F4		
				F5		
	Describe the liver dysfunction which produces increased bleeding			F6		
	tendency.			G1		
				G2		
	Describe the liver dysfunction which can produce nutritional			G3		
	deficiencies.			G4		
				G5		
	Explain the cause of fluid imbalance in the client with liver			G6		
	disequilibrium.			G7		
				H5		
	Explain the symptoms that may occur when the various functions are					
	impaired.					
	List some drugs that you have learned are toxic to the liver.					
	Utilize the nursing process to develop a plan of care for the client with					
	hepatitis.					

SCANS: **C:** 5-7, 15, 18 **F:** 1-2, 5-13

SLO: 1-21

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CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DE	CS (Kno	wledge)
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Identify the nurse's role in prevention of hepatitis.					
	Define infectious and serum hepatitis giving mode of transmission.					
	Utilize the nursing process to develop a plan of care for the client with					
	cirrhosis.					
	Explain the pathophysiological basis for the symptoms of cirrhosis.					
	List four early signs of cirrhosis.					
	Discuss the nurse's role in diet therapy for liver disorders.					
	Describe the role of the biliary system.					
	besting the role of the smary system.					
	List two main functions of bile.					
	Identify changes in the biliary system due to aging.					
	identity changes in the binary system due to aging.					
	Correlate lab and diagnostic tests with biliary system problems.					
	correlate lab and diagnostic tests with binary system problems.					
	Contrast the etiology, signs/symptoms and patho-physiology of					
	choleceptitis, choledocholithiasis and cancer of the biliary tract.					
	choleceptitis, choledocholithlasis and cancer of the billary tract.					
	Describe the primary and secondary proventive techniques for					
	Describe the primary and secondary preventive techniques for					
	gallbladder disease.					
					l	

SCANS: **C:** 5-7, 15, 18 **F:** 1-2, 5-13

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT						
CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DEC	CS (Kno	wieuge	
		EVALUATION	1	2	3	4
	Formulate the nursing care needs of patients with disorders of the					
	biliary system.					
	Describe nursing management of the client with pruritus.					
	Describe the role of the pancreas.					
	besome the role of the punoreus.					
	Identify changes in the nangrous due to aging					
	Identify changes in the pancreas due to aging.					
	Correlate lab and diagnostic tests with pancreatic disorders.					
	Compare the causes of acute and chronic pancreatitis.					
	Evaluate primary and secondary preventive techniques for pancreatic					
	disease.					
	Differentiate the patho basis for sign/symptoms of acute and chronic					
	pancreatitis and pancreatic tumors.					
	panereatitis and panereatic tamors.					
	Describe a resource sout					
	Describe pseudocyst.					
	Review the anatomy of the biliary system. What are the important					
	constituents of bile? What are its functions in digestion?					
				1		1

SCANS: C: 1,3-7, 15, 18- 19 F: 1-13

SLO: 1-21

GO: 1-5 DECS (Knowledge) CONTENT **OBJECTIVES** LEARNING ACTIVITIES/ **EVALUATION** I. Emergency Trauma **GROUP** Α1 A2 Describe preventative methods for accidents. Α1 Α1 A. Nursing in Emergency Lecture/discussion A2 A2 Α3 A2 Α3 Conditions Identify legal ramifications in reference to emergency care. А3 Α4 А3 В2 Α5 В1 Α4 Role Play В1 B1 B2 B. Priorities of Emergency Identify activities to improve health care delivery. В3 В4 В2 В2 В3 Simulations Management В5 Discuss the different roles in ER. В3 В3 В4 В4 C1 C. Trauma **ASSIGNMENTS** В6 В7 В5 C2 Identify the necessary components of an emergency operations plan. Annoted Guide to В5 C3 E. Temperature Emergencies Nurse Practice Act В8 В6 В7 Discuss how triage in a disaster differs from triage in an emergency. В7 В8 C4 Brunner/Suddarth's C1 В8 В9 D1 F. Poisoning D2 Describe the nature of delivery of emergency care. appropriate areas C2 В9 C1 D3 C1 C2 G. Bites C3 C4 C2 D4 D1 Discuss the nurses' role in documenting and handling potential Carpenito: See C5 C3 D2 D7 H. Violence, Abuse, Neglect criminal evidence. appropriate nursing E1 C4 D3 diagnosis C6 E2 C5 E1 I. Near drowning-Drowning List the general management and interventions in the care of D1 E3 E3 D3 C6 accidental injuries or sudden illness. Kee: See the E4 F1 J. Farm accidents appropriate labs. D4 **C7** Identify principals of general management for near drowning/drowning. D1 F2 K. Hydrogen Sulfite Potter & Perry: See D2 F3 D3 Differentiate between wet and dry drowning. appropriate areas. L. Ammonia Chloride D4 Differentiate between fresh water and salt water drowning. **EVALUATION** E1 Classroom Quizzes E2 E3 E4

Computer Test

SCANS: **C**: 1,3-7, 15, 18- 19 **F**: 1-13

SLO: 1-21

CONTENT	OBJECTIVES	LEARNING ACTIVITIES/	DECS (Knowledge)		
		EVALUATION	1 2	3	
II.Terrorism, Mass Causality,	Describe the effects of disasters.		E5		
and Disaster Nursing			E6		
	Discuss appropriate roles of the nurse during disasters.		E9		
A. Emergency Preparedness			E10		
	Identify the differences among the various chemical agents used in		E11		
B. Components of Emergency	terrorist events, their effects, and the decontamination and treatment		E12		
Operations	procedures that are necessary.		E13		
			F1		
C. Triage of Disaster Victims	Describe isolation precautions necessary for bio-terrorism.		F2		
			F3		
D. Weapons of Terror	Determine the injuries associated with the varying levels of radiation or		F4		
4 8: 1 : 134	chemical exposure and associated decontamination processes.		F5		
1. Biological Weapons			F6		
2 Chamical Washens			G1 G2		
2. Chemical Weapons			G2 G3		
3. Radiation Weapons			G4		
3. Radiation Weapons			G5		
4. Decontamination			G6		
			G7		
			H5		
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APPENDIX

A

Syllabus Review Confirmation

I,attest that the syllabus for RNSG 1443 was received and I accept responsibility for its content.				
(Student Signature				
(Printed Student Name)				
(Date)				

APPENDIX

B

	Grade	Rubric			
Exam #1 grade					
Exam #2 grade	_				
Exam #3 grade	_				
Exam #4 grade	_				
Exam #5 grade					
Exam #6 grade	_				
Exam #7 grade	_				
Exam #8 grade	_ т	Total			
Total the above grades and divid	de by 8=	<u> </u>			
Then multiply by 80 % (0.80) =		A			
Final exam grade	multiply by 20% (.20) =	В			
For exam grade 8. Average toge ER/BIO presentation grades.	ether all Lacharity quizzes, Cour	se Point Plus Quizzes (bo	th Brunner and Frandsen), and		
Add A and B above to obtain vo	ur final grade.	С.			

			Grade Rubr	ic			
Exam #1 grade	88						
Exam #2 grade	70						
Exam #3 grade	96						
Exam #4 grade	84						
Exam #5 grade	96						
Exam # 6 grade	80						
Exam #7 grade	73						
Exam #8 grade	96		Total	683	_		
Total the above grad	es and divid	de by 8 =	85				
Then multipl	y by 80 % (0	0.80) =		A	68		
Final exam grade	87	_ multiply by 20%	% (.20) =	В	17	-	
For exam grade 8. A	verage toge	ether all Lacharity	guizzes. Course Po	int Plus Ou	izzes (both Brunne	er and Frandse	n). and
ER/BIO presentation			4				.,,

C. <u>85</u>

Add A and B above to obtain your final grade.